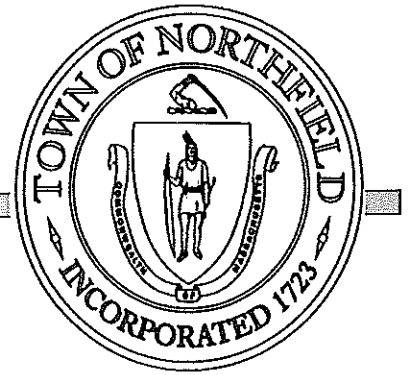


TOWN OF NORTHFIELD

Conservation Commission

69 Main Street, Northfield, Massachusetts 01360

Phone: (413) 498-2901 Fax: (413) 498-5103 www.northfield.ma.us



To: Northfield Selectboard

From: Northfield Conservation Commission

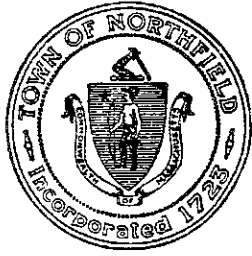
Re: Tennessee Gas Pipeline

The Northfield Conservation Commission has several concerns about the Kinder Morgan natural gas pipeline that is currently routed across a substantial part of town. This letter expresses the concerns that we have, that we would like to have addressed before any final location of a pipeline is established, before any specifications of how the pipeline will be constructed in town are finalized, and before any work is started on the ground.

1. The pipeline should be placed in locations where impacts to wetlands, riparian areas and vernal pools are minimized. General mapping of the wetland resources is available from MassGIS, but there are a lot of wetlands that exist that do not show in this mapping resource. Detailed, on the ground mapping needs to be completed along the proposed route of the pipeline so that the exact location of the pipeline can be established where impacts to wetland resources are avoided.
2. Known locations of rare and endangered species need to be avoided wherever possible. The pipeline mapping needs to reference the Natural Heritage and Endangered Species Program in order to ensure that rare and endangered species are protected.
3. Town conservation land – Brush Mountain Conservation Area and the Northfield Town Forest are located along the high tension power lines where the pipeline is proposed. If the pipeline follows on one side or the other of the power line, one or the other of these properties will be impacted. These lands have been designated with permanent protection - clearing for a pipeline is well outside of the scope of the appropriate use of these lands. In addition, there are recreational trails located in these areas, including the New England National Scenic Trail. A pipeline in the vicinity of the town's recreational resources is not a desired outcome. Alternative routes need to be explored to avoid the town's conservation lands. If no other route is possible, Kinder Morgan needs to be responsible for replication of this type of permanently protected open space.
4. Richardson Conservation Restriction – The Richardson property is permanently protected by a conservation restriction held by the Northfield Conservation Commission. This property contains multiple trails, including the New England National Scenic Trail, as well as a cabin for through-hikers. Alternative routes need to be explored to avoid the town's conservation lands. If no other route is possible, Kinder Morgan needs to be responsible for replication of this type of permanently protected open space.
5. Erosion concerns – The route proposed contains very rugged terrain with shallow soils, exposed bedrock and steep slopes. Very explicit plans for preventing erosion need to be provided in these areas before excavation, blasting, or other construction begins on the pipeline. Erosion in these types of areas can spread very rapidly, and due to the terrain, can result in sedimentation of watercourses in the area if not handled properly. Four Mile Brook, a sensitive brook that feeds into the Connecticut

River, runs near the powerline and the proposed pipeline location. This river does not need any additional sources of sedimentation from commercial construction activities.

6. Water diversion – The commission has learned of the possibility that the pipeline will not be buried 3 feet below the ground in areas where a lot of ledge occurs. This is likely the case from Four Mile Brook Road all the way to the Richardson property in the Bald Hills region. Placing the pipe near the surface of the ground can prevent ground water and intermittent streams from flowing in their natural directions. The result can be a change in the hydrology, causing significant impacts to local natural resources. In these areas of shallow depth-to-bedrock, water will run along the pipe, creating the opportunity for more severe erosion of back-fill material. In this case, water would likely pool up in areas along the pipeline, and increase the freeze-thaw action at the surface of the pipe, increasing the chances of the pipe to rupture. Digging or blasting shallow trenches, and using the thinnest gauge metal possible (as is currently proposed by Kinder Morgan) needs to be examined in these situations to determine if these methods will contribute to additional hazards.
7. Ground water – The commission is concerned about the potential for leaks in the buried pipe that would result in contamination of ground water resources. There are many private wells in the vicinity of the proposed pipeline route, and if the groundwater becomes contaminated, this would result in expensive water treatment requirements at best, and the inability to live in houses in these areas at worst. Again, the quality of materials and construction practices needs to be examined to determine if lesser grade materials are appropriate in this region.
8. Light/noise pollution - The commission is concerned that a compressor station such as the one being proposed for Northfield would have noise and light pollution impacts on adjacent conservation land. If Kinder-Morgan is allowed to build the compressor station as now proposed, detailed mitigation plans must be drawn up to limit and ameliorate both the amount and the effect of noise and light produced by its operation.
9. The area in which the proposed compressor station will be located has been used by local hunters for generations. Installation of this facility will impose restrictions on access to the area, thereby eliminating passive recreation as one of the important functions of our conservation lands.



NORTHFIELD FIRE DEPARTMENT

93 Main Street
Northfield, Massachusetts 01360



NORTHFIELD FIRE DEPT - PIPELINE ISSUES

Additional Resources required:

Access to entire pipeline for firefighting and patient evacuation purposes during construction and when the pipeline is in operation – All Wheel Drive ATV's / UTV's (side by side), Rescue sled, Off Road Rescue equipment.

Trench Rescue Training and Equipment for construction.

Meters to test for the presence of LNG.

Protective turnout gear.

Additional self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Wildland firefighting equipment - all wheel drive – brush truck and brush tanker.

Questions:

How does the compressor station function? Are the compressors / pumps electrically driven or are they powered by LNG or diesel fuel? Is the station manned 24/7/365 or is it remotely operated?

Does the compressor station vent? How often? How long does it vent? What are the hazards while venting?

How quickly will Kinder- Morgan be on site in response to a pipeline or station emergency?

How does K-M shut the pipeline down? How long does it take?

Does the LNG in the pipeline have an odor or is it odorless?

Are there fire protection systems in the compressor station? What is the fire depts. responsibility and access to the building?

How does the compressor station operate during a power failure? Are there any special conditions?



Northfield Police Department

69 Main Street, Northfield, Massachusetts 01360

Phone: 413-498-5118, Fax: 413-498-5115



Northfield Police Pipeline Outline

Construction Phase

Traffic:

- Any disturbance in normal traffic patterns in the area of construction of the natural gas pipeline due to equipment or supplies accessing the pipeline route will require a detail officer.
- All roadways in the town of Northfield which are excavated for the purpose of constructing the natural gas pipeline will require detail officers.

Security:

- During construction officers will be utilized for keeping the peace and protection of property in the work zone area, in the event of protests disturbances.

Operation Phase

Compressor Station and Pipeline security:

- The Northfield Police will require 24 hour police coverage, which will require additional full-time staffing for immediate response to emergencies which could include terrorism, criminal acts or any emergency requiring police response.
- The Northfield Police will need additional equipment to access all areas of the pipeline in the town of Northfield such as ATV's and Snow machines for the purpose of patrolling /responding/ preventing any act of vandalism/terrorism to the pipeline. (See attached equipment list)
- Additional funding to include training, attending meetings, seminars, conferences and federal security briefings.

Questions:

What on site security will the compressor station have including video and other surveillance systems?

1. Inner perimeter security? (Alarms)
2. Outer perimeter security? (Fence, access point gates, etc.)

DHS Authorized Equipment List		
Grants: BZPP		
AEL Category	Title	Description
03OE-02-BNOC	Binoculars/Scopes	Optical systems that permit remote observation during field operations.
03OE-02-FIBR	Systems, Fiber Optic	Fiber optic systems that permit remote observation during field operations.
03OE-02-LASR	Range Finder, Laser	A distance-measuring device capable of instantaneously measuring distance to target with accuracy of +/- one yard/meter.
03OE-02-SCOP	Spotting Scopes/Surveillance Telescopes	Optics capable of use in long-range, sometimes long-term, observation of tactical, structural stability, or rescue operations.
03OE-02-TILA	Optics, Thermal Imaging and/or Light Amplification	Thermal imaging and/or light amplification optics, including night vision equipment and Forward Looking Infrared (FLIR) for search operations involving trapped or lost victims or tactical operations.
03OE-03-LTPA	Lighting, Portable Area Illumination	Portable area illumination for work areas, rescue sites, and staging areas during night operations or in areas with insufficient ambient light.
03OE-04-LTHE	Light, Personal, Intrinsically Safe	Compact, hand-held lights or lights mounted on helmets or equipment, or otherwise worn by the user for use in tactical operations and in potentially flammable atmospheres. Includes high-intensity lights as well as light sticks.
03OE-04-LTHH	Light, Hand-Held or Helmet-Mounted Illumination	Hand-held lights or lights mounted on helmets or otherwise worn by the user for use in non-flammable or non-explosive atmospheres.
03OE-07-ROBT	Robots	Robotic platforms to support various mission areas such as explosive device remediation, hazardous materials operations, tactical law enforcement operations, search & rescue, and surveillance/detection.
03SR-03-LSTN	System, Listening	Seismic and acoustic listening devices and accessories for locating trapped and entombed victims not detectable by other means.
03SR-03-SCAM	Camera, Search	Void area video search camera and accessories for inspecting voids and confined spaces with limited physical access.
03SR-05-RBTL	Attachments/Tools, Search & Rescue Robot or Remotely Piloted Vehicle	Attachments/tools for specialized search & rescue capability such as mountable cameras (including infrared), remote manipulators, listening devices, etc. Includes repeater devices for extended remote operations.
04AP-01-CADS	System, Dispatch, Computer Aided	Computer software system(s) used to track and manage public safety incidents and resources.
04AP-02-AVLS	Systems, Automatic Vehicle Locating (AVL)	Automatic Vehicle Locating (AVL) Systems
04AP-02-DGPS	Device, Global Positioning System (GPS)	Global Positioning System (GPS) receiving device, including self-contained handhelds, mobile mounted systems, and accessory devices to enable computers and communications devices.
04AP-02-OAPT	System, Operations Area Personnel Tracking and Accountability	Personnel tracking and accountability systems for use in an operations area, including both administrative tracking systems and precision locating and tracking systems.
04AP-03-GISD	Data, Geospatial	Data related to positions on the Earth's surface in the form of databases, maps, satellite and other remote-sensing imagery. For use with Geospatial Information Systems (Item 04AP-04-GISS).
04AP-03-GISS	System, Geospatial Information (GIS)	Application software as well as integrated hardware for implementation. GIS systems support the acquisition, integration and dissemination of geospatial data and imagery.

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Geospatial Analysis - allows for association of intelligence and location-based information to perform complex analysis and visualization - Decision Support - provides a mechanism to deliver actionable intelligence, supporting strategic and tactical operations - Situational Awareness - supports a common operational picture with near real-time intelligence fused with geospatial information fully describing the area of operations in a spatial context - Navigation - Monitoring (tracking, weather, traffic, assets, environment, damage assessments, disease surveillance) - Modeling - combines complex spatial information and applies modeling tools to predict consequences of events in support of planning, mitigation, response and recovery - Mapping - presents fused information in a standard, distributable and easily recognizable format - Reporting (activity, after-action, alert-warning, location, situation, coverage portrayal) <p>Software or systems that facilitate capture, quantification, and management of risk factors involved in specific tasks, environments, or programs.</p>
04AP-04-RISK	Software, Risk Management	Incident Command System (ICS) software including command/plans and decision-support tools. Also includes NIMS-compliant field incident management materials such as T-Cards and holders, specialized forms, etc.
04AP-05-CDSS	Systems and Tools, ICS	Software application and associated hardware and material for creating site/event credential badges and controlling scene access.
04AP-05-CRED	System, Credentialing	Operational space visualization tools.
04AP-05-SVIS	Software, Operational Space Visualization	CBRNE/commercial chemical/hazard software and response system that enables the tracking, identification, and/or querying of information relating to CBRNE sources.
04AP-06-CBRN	Software, CBRNE/Commercial Chemical/Hazard	Plume modeling fate and transport software and/or databases capable of real-time linkage to sensors and meteorological monitoring and detection.
04AP-06-PMOD	Software, Plume Modeling	Software designed to depict traffic flow, identify congestion points, and predict impact of accidents or deliberate alterations of traffic patterns such as signal times, detours, closures, etc.
04AP-06-TRAF	Software, Traffic Modeling	Application software for tracking of tangible equipment, including location and person(s)/organization(s) responsible.
04AP-07-INVN	Software, Equipment Tracking and Inventory	Systems that provide interactive audio or audio-visual simulation of operational situations to support training, planning, or decision making.
04AP-08-SIMS	Simulators	Systems used to alert the public of protective actions or to provide warning to the public in the event of an incident, such as sirens, the Emergency Alert System (EAS), and the Integrated Public Alert and Warning System (IPAWS).
04AP-09-ALRT	Systems, Public Notification and Warning	Handheld and "ultraportable" computing devices with connectivity. Includes a variety of platforms such as PDAs, Windows-compatible devices, notebooks, and pad devices.
04HW-01-HHCD	Computing Device, Handheld	Computer hardware and operating system software designated for use in an integrated system allowable under the indicated grant programs. Such systems include detection, communication, cybersecurity, logistical support and Geospatial Information Systems.
04HW-01-INHW	Hardware, Computer, Integrated	Mobile computer devices, usually mounted permanently in vehicle, operating from DC power supply. Used for data upload and download, as well as local data entry.
04HW-01-MOBL	Computer, Mobile Data	

04HW-02-BARC	Equipment, Bar Code Reading and Printing	Bar code readers and printers, including devices that have wireless network capabilities.
04HW-02-RFID	Devices, Radio Frequency Identification	Radio Frequency Identification Devices (RFID) and associated readers.
04MD-01-CMRA	Camera, Still	Still camera, digital or film.
04MD-01-IREC	Camera, Infrared (IR)	Infrared (IR) a. Thermal b. Forward Looking Infrared Radiation (FLIR), and/or c. Infrared detection
04MD-01-IRIL	Equipment, Illumination, IR	Infrared illumination equipment.
04MD-01-LAMP	Equipment, Light Amplification	Light amplification (night vision enhancement) equipment, including hand-held, helmet mounted, or equipment-mounted tactical systems. Includes hardware/accessories necessary for helmet/equipment mounting.
04MD-01-UCAM	Camera, Underwater (Still/Video)	Still or video camera adapted or designed for use underwater.
04MD-01-VCAM	Camera, Video	Video camera.
04MD-02-PROJ	Projector, Video	Video projector.
04MD-03-DISP	Display, Video	Video display - assorted technologies including Plasma, LCD, etc.
04SN-01-PTMS	Station, Portable Meteorological	Portable meteorological station that monitors (at a minimum) temperature, wind speed, wind direction, precipitation, relative humidity, and barometric pressure.
04SN-01-XMIT	Transmission Device, Wireless, Remote Sensor	A device which, when attached to a remote sensor such as a video camera or chemical detector, allows wireless transmission of data to a distant base. May use radio frequency (RF) or infrared (IR) transmission.
04SW-04-NETW	Software, Network	Software for networking, monitoring network performance and/or maintaining configuration.
04SW-05-SCAD	System, SCADA (Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition)	A software/hardware system designed primarily to monitor and control remote sensors and actuators. Uses vary from large-scale examples such as refinery or power grid control to building HVAC systems.
05AU-00-BIOM	Device, Biometric User Authentication	Devices that utilize biometric characteristics (fingerprints, palm prints, retinal scanning, etc.) to authorize access to facilities and/or systems.
05AU-00-TOKN	System, Remote Authentication	System used to provide enhanced remote authentication, usually consisting of a server, some synchronization scheme, and a device or token.
05EN-00-ECRP	Software, Encryption	Encryption software for protecting stored data files or email messages.
05EN-00-ETRN	Encryption, Data Transmission	A class of network access solutions, usually for remote access, that provide encrypted user access. May be used for remote access, point to point, or link encryption. Includes virtual private networks, and encrypted transmission modes such as SSH and SSL.
05HS-00-FRNS	Software, Forensic	Application suites that allow in-depth analysis of hosts based on operating system and file systems.
05HS-00-MALW	Software, Malware Protection	Software for protection against viruses, spyware, and malicious code. May be obtained for individual hosts or for entire network segments.
05HS-00-PFWL	System, Personal Firewall	Personal firewall for operation on individual workstations. Usually a software solution, but appliances are also available. See also: 05NP-00-FWAL.

05NP-00-FWAL	Firewall, Network	Firewall (software or standalone appliance) for use in protecting networks. See also 05HS-00-PFWL.
05NP-00-IDPS	System, Intrusion Detection/Prevention	Intrusion Detection and/or Prevention System (IDS, IPS) deployed at either host or network level to detect and/or prevent unauthorized or aberrant behavior on the network. Software and hardware (appliance) solutions exist.
05NP-00-SCAN	Tools, Network Vulnerability Scanning	Port scanners and other tools designed to identify security vulnerabilities on networks or individual hosts on target networks.
05NP-00-SEIM	System, Security Event/Incident Management	Software or appliance that gathers data from multiple security sources such as firewalls, intrusion detection systems, malware protection systems, etc. to provide log file consolidation and event correlation capability.
05PM-00-PTCH	System, Patch/Configuration Management	System to manage the update and installation of patches, applications, and/or operating systems utilized by an organization in order to maintain current "version control."
06CC-01-CELL	Phone, Cellular	Cellular phone
06CC-02-2WAY	Device, Messaging, 2-Way Text	Text messaging device with 2-way capability.
06CC-02-DSAD	Device, Data Service Access	PCMCIA card, serial device, or USB device for access to on-line data services.
06CC-02-PAGE	Services/Systems, Paging	Paging services/systems, 1-way text messaging.
06CC-03-SATB	Phone, Satellite Base	Satellite communication device, fixed location.
06CC-03-SATM	Phone, Satellite Mobile	Satellite communication device, mobile.
06CC-03-SATP	Phone, Satellite Portable	Satellite service with handheld device.
06CC-04-EQSD	Equipment, Satellite Data	Satellite earth station transmitter and receiver, usually Ku-Band. Examples include, but are not limited to Iridium and INMARSAT A and B.
06CC-04-SADS	Services, Satellite Data	Satellite data services (Internet access via satellite connection). Commercial providers of Internet connectivity via satellite.
06CC-04-SSBR	Services, Satellite, Brokered	Full-service rental/lease of satellite transponder time, including truck and technicians.
06CC-04-SSFT	Space Segment, Full-Time, Leased	Satellite transponder time purchased on long-term contracts.
06CC-04-SSHB	Space Segment, Hourly, Brokered	Satellite transponder time purchased by the hour.
06CC-05-PRTY	Priority Services, Communications	Services to ensure priority communication over common carrier media, such as cellular phones or telephone land lines.
06CP-01-BASE	Radio, Base	Base radio system.
06CP-01-HFRQ	Radio, High Frequency (HF) Single Sideband	High frequency (HF) single sideband communications equipment.
06CP-01-MOBL	Radio, Mobile	Mobile radio equipment, deployed in/on vehicles, or can also be deployed as temporary base stations.
06CP-01-PORT	Radio, Portable	Individual/portable radio transceivers.
06CP-01-REPT	Repeaters	An electronic device that receives a weak or low-level signal and retransmits that signal to extend usable range.
06CP-01-VOTR	Receivers, Voter	A device that evaluates the comparative strength and signal/noise ratio from multiple receivers on the same frequency, selects the "best" signal and retransmits.

06CP-02-BRDG	Equipment, Bridging/Patching/Gateway	Includes a wide range of equipment and software utilized to connect disparate communications networks. Systems range from cords that can patch two radios to interface boxes that can link dozens of radios, phones, computers, etc. in multiple sessions.
06CP-03-BAMP	Amplifiers, Bi-directional	Bi-directional amplifiers, application defined.
06CP-03-ICOM	Intercom	System for hands-free (wired or wireless) communication for limited numbers of personnel in close proximity, such as vehicle crew members. Includes systems designed for underwater use.
06CP-03-MWAV	Radio, Microwave Link	Microwave link for remote control of radio base stations or for links between infrastructure components and other communication assets.
06CP-03-NRSC	Cable, Non Radiation-Shielded Transmission	Non radiation-shielded transmission cable between base/repeater and antenna.
06CP-03-PRAC	Accessories, Portable Radio	Speaker/microphone extensions to portable radios. Sometimes used within encapsulated/partially encapsulated suits, where restricted access to radio equipment impedes normal portable radio operations.
06CP-03-TOWR	Systems, Antenna and Tower	Fixed and portable.
06CP-04-WADN	Network, Wide Area Digital	Wide area digital network, voice/data capable.
06CP-05-BRAC	Bridge, Audio Teleconferencing	Device to connect more than two parties (up to several dozen) into a single audio conference.
06CP-05-LPBX	Exchange, Private Branch, Portable	Portable private branch exchange (PBX)
06CP-05-VCNB	Bridge, Video Teleconferencing	Device to connect more than four parties (up to several dozen) into a single video conference.
06CP-05-VCON	Teleconferencing, Video	Video teleconferencing over ISDN telephone lines or broadband facilities.
06CP-06-SAFE	Safe, GSA-Rated	Safe for storing sensitive material and equipment such as encryption keys or encryption key loaders.
06CP-06-SHRD	Shredder / Disintegrator	Shredding or disintegrating device for the destruction of sensitive materials such as reports or encryption key material.
07ED-01-DOGS	Canines, Explosive Detecting	Explosive detecting canines, related CBRNE training, protective equipment/garments, handling and training accessories.
07ED-01-IMOB	Trace Detector, Explosive, Handheld	Handheld trace explosive detectors using air-sampling, particulate sampling, or dual mode operation. Underlying technology is Ion Mobility Spectrometry (IMS), Differential Ion Mobility Spectrometry (DMS) or equivalent.
07ED-03-PORT	Portal, Explosive Detecting	Ion mobility spectrometry (IMS) explosives screening equipment. Two types: walk-through and drive-through (vehicle).
07ED-03-SWPE	System, Trace Explosive Detection	An explosive detection system that utilizes cloths, papers, strips or other items to wipe a surface. The sampling medium is then placed in a machine that heats the particulates and analyzes the resulting vapor to detect/identify the explosive.
07RD-01-DOSP	Dosimeter, Personal	Personal dosimeter, including film, Thermoluminescence Dosimetry (TLD), and Optical Stimulated Luminescence (OSL).
07RD-01-DOSS	Dosimeter, Self-Reading	Self-reading dosimeter (SRD) or pocket ionization chambers (PIC).
07RD-01-EPD	Dosimeter, Personal, Electronic	Electronic personal dosimeter (EPD).
07RD-01-PDGA	Detector, Radiation, Alarming, Personal (Gamma and Neutron)	Personal radiation (gamma and neutron) detection device which provides an alarm based on detection, but does not quantify dose-rate.

07RD-04-SGND	Detector, Gamma/Neutron, Standoff	Detect gamma/neutron radiation at a stand-off distance of at least 50 feet and specify the type and location of radiation sources, while maintaining sufficient energy resolution and sensitivity to discriminate .
07SE-01-IHTS	Sensor, Heat, Infrared	Heat sensing device.
07SE-01-LEAK	Detectors, Leak	Leak detectors (e.g., soap solution, ammonium hydroxide, ultrasonic, etc.). Replaces 07CS-01-LEAK.
07SE-01-THMS	Thermometer, Surface	Surface thermometer.
07SE-03-ENVS	Equipment, Environmental (Weather) Surveillance	Environmental (weather) surveillance equipment to support CBRNE detectors.
07ZZ-00-NCBR	Equipment, Specialized Hazard Detection, non-CBRNE	This category includes specialized equipment not included elsewhere in Section 7 that is intended for all-hazards detection missions, and that is limited to (or focuses primarily on) non-CBRNE related events (e.g., seismographs).
10BC-00-BATT	Batteries, All Types, Sizes	Batteries for all recommended equipment. Types including, but not limited to Alkaline, Nickel-Cadmium (Ni-CAD), Nickel Metal Hydride (NiMH), Lithium (Li-Ion). Form factors such as AA, AAA, C and D cells, 9-Volt, Clamshell.
10BC-00-FCEL	Cells, Fuel	Fuel Cells.
10BC-00-SOLR	Chargers	Including but not limited to solar, natural gas, shore power, etc.
10GE-00-GENR	Generators	Generators, varying types and sizes, including gasoline, diesel, propane, natural gas, alternator, gas turbine powered devices, etc.
10PE-00-BCON	Conditioners, Battery	Battery conditioners.
10PE-00-INVNT	Inverters	Equipment for DC to AC conversion.
10PE-00-PCDS	System, Power Conditioning	Systems that provide protection against power spikes, surges, and momentary drops so that serviced equipment receives "clean" power.
10PE-00-PTSW	Switch, Power Transfer	Switch for power output transfer to support generator maintenance and fueling.
10PE-00-RECT	Rectifiers	Equipment for AC to DC conversion.
10PE-00-REEL	Reels, Electric Cord	Electric cord reels.
10PE-00-UPS	Supply, Uninterruptible Power (UPS)	Systems that compensate for loss of power to serviced equipment for some period of time. May include short-duration battery devices, or standby generator devices for longer duration.
13IT-00-ALRT	System, Alert/Notification	Alert and notification equipment that allows for real-time dissemination of information and intelligence among responders via equipment such as cellular phones, pagers, text messaging, etc.
13IT-00-DACQ	Data Acquisition	Software for data collection and information / intelligence gathering, including data mining and search tools that support inferential analysis, including trend analysis.
13IT-00-DFSN	Data Fusion/Synthesis	Software, system or suite for accepting disparate inputs and producing organized information.
13IT-00-FACE	Software, Facial Recognition	Facial recognition software for access control, identification of criminal actors (IFF), etc.
13IT-00-FEES	Fees, Usage, for databases containing terrorist threat information	One-time or recurring fees for the use of commercial databases containing terrorist threat information.
13IT-00-INTL	Systems, Intelligence Sharing	Implementation of and connectivity to network-based systems to enhance intelligence and information sharing capabilities.

13IT-00-SGNT	Software, Investigative, Signals Intelligence	Investigative software for collating and analyzing data from signals intelligence such as Pen Registers and wiretap management tools.
13LE-00-SURV	Equipment, Law Enforcement Surveillance	Surveillance equipment and related accessories, including but not limited to: audio, data, and visual equipment. Includes electronic equipment such as Pen registers.
14CI-00-COOP	System, Information Technology Contingency Operations	Back-up computer hardware, operating systems, data storage, and application software necessary to provide a working environment for contingency operations. May be a purchased remote service or a dedicated alternate operating site.
14EX-00-BCAN	Receptacles, Trash, Blast-Resistant	Explosive-resistant trash receptacles.
14EX-00-BSIR	Systems, Building, Blast/Shock/Impact Resistant	Systems to mitigate damage from blasts, shocks, or impacts, such as column and surface wraps, breakage/shatter resistant glass, window wraps, and deflection shields.
14SW-01-ALRM	Systems/Sensors, Alarm	Systems and standalone sensors designed to detect access violations or intrusions using sensors such as door/window switches, motion sensors, acoustic sensors, seismic, and thermal sensors. May also include temperature sensors for critical areas.
14SW-01-ASTN	Network, Acoustic Sensor Triangulation	A network consisting of deployed acoustic sensors and processing nodes for data integration and analysis.
14SW-01-DOOR	Doors and Gates, Impact Resistant	Reinforced doors and gates with increased resistance to external impact for increased physical security.
14SW-01-EXTM	System, Fire Extinguisher Monitoring	System for monitoring the presence and inflation pressure of fixed-location fire extinguishers to ensure that they are usable and are not stolen for possible misuse.
14SW-01-LITE	Lighting, Area, Fixed	Fixed high-intensity lighting systems for improved visibility in areas such as building perimeters and surveillance zones.
14SW-01-LRHW	Long Range Hailing and Warning Device	Long range hailing and warning device capable of producing highly directional sound beams, allowing users to project warning tones and intelligible voice commands at great distances.
14SW-01-PACS	System, Physical Access Control	Locking devices and entry systems for control of physical access to facilities.
14SW-01-SIDP	Systems, Personnel Identification	Systems for positive identification of personnel as a prerequisite for entering restricted areas or accessing information systems.
14SW-01-SIDV	Systems, Vehicle Identification	Systems for identification of vehicles, ranging from decals to radio frequency identification (RFID) or other transponder devices.
14SW-01-SNSR	Sensors/Alarms, System and Infrastructure Monitoring, Standalone	Standalone sensors/alarms for use on critical systems or infrastructure items (security systems, power supplies, etc.) to provide warning when these systems fail or are near failure.
14SW-01-VIDA	Systems, Video Assessment, Security	Camera-based security systems utilizing standard, low light, or infrared technology.
14SW-01-WALL	Barriers: Fences, Jersey Walls	Obstacles designed to channel or halt pedestrian or vehicle-borne traffic in order to protect a physical asset or facility.
14SW-02-HSCN	Equipment, Hull Scanning	Devices or systems used to scan ship hulls for attached devices.
14SW-02-RADR	Systems, Radar	Scanning systems for detection of objects such as vessels, personnel, and other objects.
15IN-00-PLSN	System, Pulsed Neutron Activation, Non-Invasive	Screening system utilizing pulsed neutrons. Non-destructive detection of CWAs in sealed containers.

15IN-00-RADR	Radar, Ground/Wall Penetrating	Radar systems designed to penetrate walls or ground to allow detection of hidden objects.
15IN-00-XRAY	System, Mobile Search & Inspection; X-Ray	Portable X-Ray systems for use in search and screening operations.
15SC-00-PMON	Monitors, Portal	Systems to scan vehicles/cargo for radioactive content. Various sizes for vehicles, packages (large and small) and pedestrians. Does not identify radionuclide.
15SC-00-PPSS	Systems, Personnel/Package Screening	Fixed systems such as walk-through magnetometers and conveyor-belt x-ray systems used to screen personnel and packages for hazardous materials/devices.
20FP-00-AFIS	Equipment, Fingerprint Processing and Identification	Equipment for fingerprint processing, including Automated Fingerprint Identification System (AFIS) interface equipment.
21GN-00-INST	Installation	Installation costs for authorized equipment purchased through FEMA grants.
21GN-00-MAIN	Maintenance	Vehicle and equipment maintenance packages.
21GN-00-SHIP	Shipping	Shipping costs for equipment purchased with grant funding.
21GN-00-STAX	Sales Tax	Sales tax on equipment purchased with grant funding.
21GN-00-TRNG	Training	Training on CBRNE and cyber security equipment by vendors or local entities.